

The Standard.

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MUNICIPAL TICKET OF OGDEN CITY

The following candidates were endorsed by the People's Convention called by the City Republican Central Committee of Ogden under direction of instruction from a mass convention of the Republicans of Ogden that the people generally should participate. The Standard unreservedly endorses the whole ticket.

FOR MAYOR
A. R. HEYWOOD.

FOR FOUR-YEAR COMMISSIONER
M. L. JONES.

FOR AUDITOR
A. F. LARSON.

FOR MUNICIPAL JUDGE
JOHN E. BAGLEY.

FROM THE SAME SOURCE IT COMES.

It now develops that the Examiner-City combination spread the rumor that M. L. Jones married a Browning and that it would be just the same as voting for T. Sam Browning to vote for M. L. Jones. Fortunately such clap-trap was promptly exploded, as it was shown that M. L. Jones married Wells Chase's daughter.

FALSE ATTITUDE OF A PAPER.

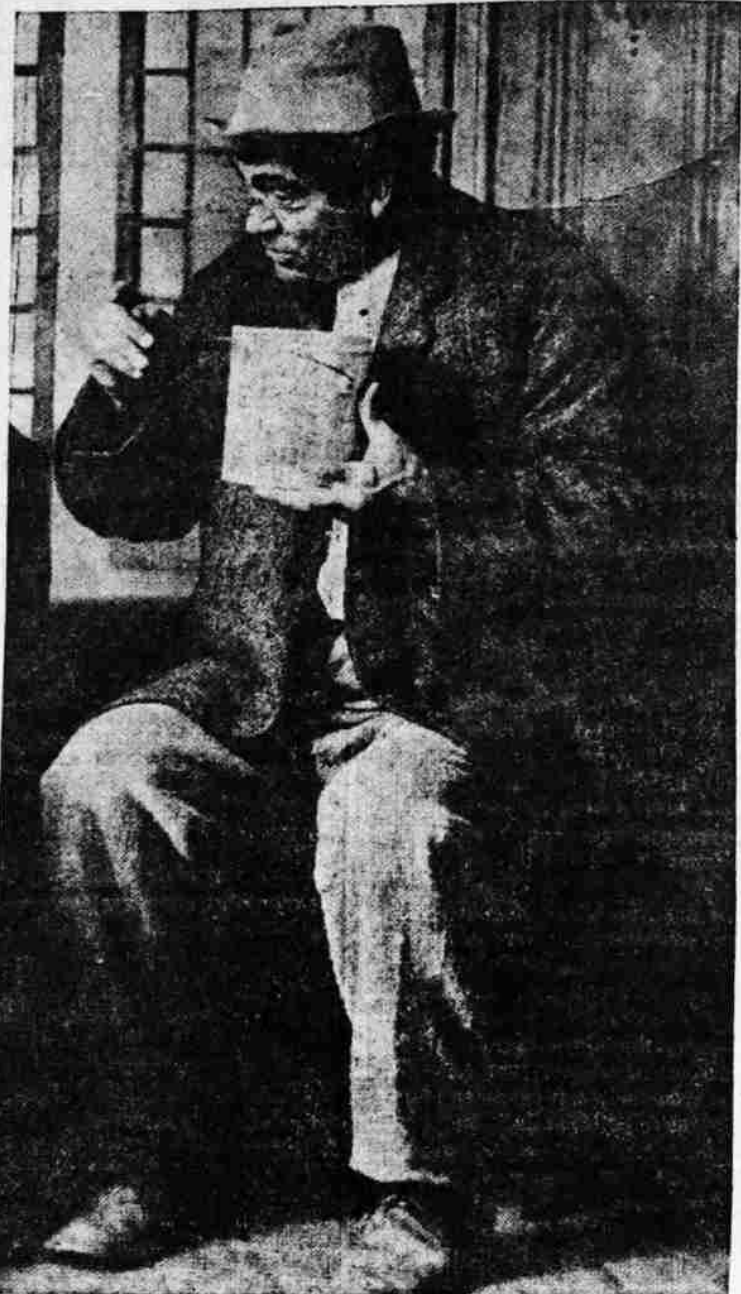
The morning paper is greatly distressed over an article appearing in a Salt Lake daily in relation to a so-called "murder mystery," but continues to elaborate on the subject, under the pretext of pointing out errors.

Why this sneaking method? Why make the Salt Lake paper the excuse for presenting the details? Why not be a man or a mouse?

THE WORST DEAL OF ALL.

Our city commissioners, in their 3,000-word communication to the citizens of Ogden, failed to explain why they allowed the Merchants Light & Power company to be absorbed by the big light trust, though there was a section in the franchise expressly providing that the city might buy at cost the interests of the company. The franchise further provided that, in estimating the value, the franchise was to be considered of no value and the plant was to be placed at actual cost.

Three years ago a committee waited on Mayor Fell and T. Sam Browning to point out those provisions of the franchise and to call their attention to the fact that, with the Merchants Light & Power company's poles and wires extending to all parts of the city, the conditions were perfect for Ogden to acquire the property and, by contracting to buy current from one of the great electric



Edmund Hayes, America's Greatest Comedian, as he appears in "THE PIANO MOVERS," a great comedy act headlining the new Pantages Vaudeville Bill at the Orpheum tomorrow for 10-20-30 cents.

power lines running through Ogden at the eastern limits of the city, supply the people with electric lights and power at one-third the charges made by the light monopoly.

Mayor Fell and T. Sam Browning were warned that the trust was proceeding to eliminate the Merchants Light & Power company by purchase and they were urged not to allow the consolidation to occur without protest or the asserting of the right of the city to buy. The old franchise prohibited consolidation. With their eyes wide open to the contemplated move, they not only winked at the absorption of the competitive system, but proceeded to assure the light interests that if financial aid were needed, the assets of the city in the form of almost endless franchises might be made the basis of a bond issue.

Who do Mayor Fell and T. Sam Browning represent, the city or the light trust?

Their sly, clandestine, gumshoeing methods, by which the 50-year franchises were passed, indicate they are the servants of the gas and light monopoly.

WHO INCREASED THE TAXES?

In this morning's Examiner appears a statement under the words, "How your taxes are increased." The statement is marked "advertisement," showing that it comes from the city administration as no one else would be interested in advertising the city's affairs at this time. The statement is a jumbled lot of figures and the Standard will offer a reward to anyone who can explain what the figures mean.

For instance, the figures state that William Glasmann was mayor in 1914 and in 1915. Again, the figures show that in 1913, A. G. Fell had decreased the taxes "122 Pct." This is brought about by a system of figuring in which the 1912 administration of Fell and Browning is made the basis in which year the taxes were increased to 14 mills on the dollar and the next year they reduced the taxes to 12 mills instead of back to 10 mills where it was 5 of the 6 years during the Glasmann administration. This naturally showed a decrease from their own heavy tax but not a decrease on the 6 years of the Glasmann administration.

In other words, had Fell and Browning doubled the taxes the first year and decreased the taxes one per cent the next year and kept that up for the full four years, they would have claimed the honor of having reduced the taxes one per cent. It is on that kind of figuring the Examiner-Fell Browning bunch expect to bamboozle the voters this year. But the joke of the whole thing is that the Examiner claims the identical figures were taken from the Standard.

The records in the Weber county court house for the last four years of the two Glasmann administrations (with four years between 1905 and 1910 occupied by two other mayors, which four years are omitted) give the figures following as the true taxes levied.

The first column of figures are the exact taxes levied under Mayor Glasmann's administration and the second column of figures give the exact taxes levied under the Fell-Browning administration. But to figure on the basis of increased assessed valuation, Mr. Glasmann's administration should

not be charged with the jump from 1905 to 1910 because he was not in office during the four years between those two dates. With this explanation, the following figures are absolutely correct, and we would be pleased to have the Examiner publish them just as they are, or prove that the records show different figures.

The deadly parallel:

Taxes under Glasmann—	
1904	\$ 94,383.88
*1905	99,093.48
1910	132,824.85
*1911	167,723.24

Total for four years.....\$494,025.45

Taxes under Fell and Browning—	
1912	\$201,421.48
1913	176,682.72
1914	178,232.94
1915	185,083.37

Total for four years.....\$741,420.51

This shows that Fell and Browning levied \$257,395.06 more taxes in their four years than did Glasmann in his last four years. Think of it; over a quarter of a million dollars more in taxes collected from the people by Fell and Browning! And what have they done with the money?

"Glasmann was out of office four years between the two single (*) or between the second and third row of figures."

"When Glasmann assumed office January 1, 1910, there was a floating debt of over \$100,000 which had to be paid and explains that the tax levy was 12 mills, all the other levies were 10 mills with the exception of one year, which was 10 1/2 mills."

If Fell and Browning presented the figures as advertised in this Morning's Examiner, we hope they will make a correction, if the advertisement is republished. They are entitled to have their figures published as they see fit in an advertisement. If they will correct their figures—we feel sure the Examiner purposely bungled them—we shall be pleased to give the matter further attention.

A SCANDAL RUINED SCHMITZ.

Eugene E. Schmitz, who was mayor of San Francisco when the street car franchises were passed, was a candidate for mayor in the primaries in San Francisco yesterday, and, surprising as it may appear, he was second in the contest, although outdistanced to such an extent by the present mayor as to be eliminated.

Schmitz, Ruff and the supervisors were parties to a conspiracy by which the street car company was given a franchise extending over a long period, computed to be of great value.

The people of San Francisco were so incensed over the giving away of their rights that an investigation was made which resulted in exposing the whole deal.

Prior to that time Schmitz was one of the most popular men on the coast and he was thought to be above suspicion. He was spoken of as "honest Eugene Schmitz."

Had the people of San Francisco been content to allow their municipal franchises to be turned over to a large corporation without more than a passing protest, the base perfidy of Schmitz, Ruff and the supervisors would have remained a treachery known only to the few and Schmitz today would be referred to in words of praise.

What good name Eugene Schmitz still possesses is due to the fact that

many believe he was the innocent victim of the crafty, clever Abe Ruef, who pulled the wires and made his creatures dance.

More public scandals have grown out of the granting of long-term municipal franchises than from any other source, and that is true because city franchises represent values readily convertible into money and therein are to be found the element of temptation which have proved ruinous.

THE BATTLE ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

There is a pronounced discrepancy in the reports from Paris and Berlin as to the extent of the French and British drive on the western front, but from the two accounts there is only one deduction and that is the allies have more successfully hammered the German lines in the present attack than at any time since the army of the Kaiser dug in after the battle of the Marne.

Heretofore the advances have been measured by the yard. The gains made since last Saturday, when the forward move started, extend over a front of many miles and at places two and three miles deep.

The bombardment from the sea to the Vosges was intended to discover weak spots and prevent the Germans withdrawing from a disengaged point to strengthen a vulnerable stretch of trenches.

There are two points of great strategic value to the French. One is in the region of Arras and the other north of Verdun. Should the allies break through at Arras, La Bassée or Armentières, they would threaten the rear of 60 miles of German trenches extending from Belgium almost due south into France and compel a retreat of half a million troops of the Kaiser.

There is an official announcement from London that the British are assailing the third line of German trenches near Loos. Victory would place the British in possession of important railroads and make long lines of German trenches untenable.

With ample depots of shells, and a mighty inflow of munitions from the United States, the allies should be equipped to keep up the storm of shells with which they began the drive, and if they do maintain the hurricane of destruction, further progress may be expected.

Army corps are being withdrawn from the Kaiser from the eastern front to stem the western tide. The drive of the allies, if it accomplishes nothing more than relieve the pressure on the Russian forces, will bring results equal to the cost in men and munitions.

With more gains and shells than the Germans, the British and French should have an advantage. Before the war ends, it will be demonstrated that victory rests with the side possessing the power to overwhelm the other with shell fire.

Last time tonight, "The Ordeal" and "Neal of the Navy," at the Alhambra. Don't miss this fine program.

MARTIN L. ROGERS SUES ON A NOTE

In the district court, Martin L. Rogers has commenced suit against T. D. Ryan, administrator of the estate of Charles S. Rogers, Ogden City, Ina M. Bamberger and the Salt Lake & Ogden Railway company, to recover \$500, alleged to be due on a certain promissory note bearing date of July 17, 1895, and uttered by the decedent, Charles S. Rogers.

It is alleged by the plaintiff that the note has been presented to the administrator as a claim against the estate, but that settlement has been refused. It is also said that the note is secured by a mortgage on certain real estate, in which the defendants, Ogden City, Mrs. Bamberger and the S. L. & O. Ry. company claim certain rights.

The plaintiff demands settlement on the note, foreclosure of the mortgage and that the parties claiming right in the property appear and show what rights they have.

HOW THUNDERBOLTS ARE MADE HARMLESS

A lightning arrester is a little device designed to protect any electrical line during a thundershower. Lightning delights in shivering telegraph, telephone and transmission poles and dancing along the wires. If given a chance it will enter buildings over these wires and do great mischief in power plants, substations, engine rooms, etc.

It is the duty of the lightning arrester, as its name implies, to arrest the trouble making flash before it can do any serious damage and (like many another kind hearted police officer) let it escape harmlessly to the earth. A lightning arrester must protect the line, and the apparatus connected thereto from three kinds of disturbances: high voltage, high frequency, and high current—or a combination of them. A simple single spark gap to ground will take care of the high voltage charges, but it will not remove the high current and high frequency charges. Now, these latter charges are equally as dangerous as those of higher voltages, because they will, upon encountering the inductive windings of electrical apparatus, build up high voltages, puncture the insulation between coils, and burn out the transformer, motor, or generator. To protect against these high current and high frequency charges, the lightning arrester must have an inductance or choke coil inserted in the line wire to make these charges build up volt-



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Largest varieties and the most beautiful styles that have ever been shown.

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THOUSANDS OF NEW FALL SUITS IN AMAZING VARIETY OF AUTHENTIC STYLES, AT PRICES THAT AVERAGE YOU A SAVING OF 15 to 25 PER CENT.

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A trial fitting of the new Modart designs will positively demonstrate their superior style and comfort—the natural poise and the perfect fit without strain or discomfort. You will find that your corset has a new meaning—plays a new part in your life—contributes new beauty—when it is a Modart properly fitted to your figure.

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Let our expert corsetiere fit you in one of the new fall models.



WHAT DO YOU WISH IN SILKS?

Bring that wish here and have it fulfilled, for ours is again as always, the largest, the most complete gathering of silks in Ogden. OUR LOW PRICES WILL ASTOUND YOU.

SHOES

WE ARE READY TO SHOW NEW STYLE—BEAUTIFUL MODELS—STRIKING DESIGNS—DAINTY DRESS SHOES—STYLISH STREET BOOTS—

THE TENDENCY THIS FALL IS TOWARD THE MILITARY IN WOMEN'S DRESS. OUR SHOE STOCKS HAVE BEEN SELECTED ACCORDINGLY.

MILITARY BOOTS, lace and button, with colored and black tops.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY AND COME IN AND LOOK. WHETHER YOU BUY OR NOT WE WANT TO SHOW YOU OUR NEW STYLES IN SHOES.

SHOE SPECIALS

Several styles in patent button and gunmetal button shoes, cloth and leather top, \$4.00 values for.....\$3.25
Some real shoe bargains in gunmetal button shoes, \$3.50 values for.....\$2.48

MANY OTHER VALUES AT EQUALLY STRIKING PRICES.

LAST & THOMAS

ages high enough to jump the spark gap to ground.

Innocent of crime but willingly goes to jail. See this wonderful drama, "The District Attorney," at the Ogden Theater tonight and tomorrow.

ELECTRIC LAMPS AND THEIR COST

Electric lamp bulbs cost but a few cents each. The process of making these bulbs is so complicated that it is a triumph of industry that a lamp bulb can be made and assembled to be sold for a few cents.

The new drawn wire tungsten Mazda lamp bulb costs more than the

old carbon filament lamp because it is harder to make the new lamps. But the life of the wire drawn tungsten lamp is more than double that of the ordinary carbon lamp. In actual tests it averages, for the smaller sizes, fully three times as much, and in practice, allowing something for the greater strength of carbon and metal filament lamps, it would probably be more than double. The cost is, however, less than twice as much as for the carbon lamp, and hence the average cost of lamp renewals would be less on the average with tungsten lamps than with the others. The efficiency of Mazda tungsten lamps is very much higher, so that there is scarcely any place where carbon or metal filament lamps can now be used advantageously.

The new Mazda lamps give three times as much light, of a vastly better quality, as the old carbon lamps. So, even though they cost a trifle more, it is good economy to buy the new lamps. They will more than pay

for themselves when the monthly light bills come in.

Looks like election night at the Ogden Theater tonight and tomorrow. "The District Attorney" is playing. Don't miss this stirring drama.

NICELY FIXED.

"If all the world was apple pie and all the seas were ink—" "Things would be very satisfactory for poets," interposed one of that ilk. "Then all we'd have to hustle for would be return postage."

The big boss thought he owned the city but "The District Attorney" shows him up. Tonight and tomorrow at the Ogden Theater.

Ever Clear Tea

There Is a Deliciousness about this Japanese Green Tea that shows its absolute purity, its clearness is apparent in every cup.

75c lb. Worth \$1.00.

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RUSSELL-JAMES CO.
OGDEN, UTAH

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
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Capital	\$100,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	\$200,000.00
Deposits	\$2,500,000.00

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